



KARNATAKA STATE LAW UNIVERSITY

Navanagar, Hubballi-580 025

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Syllabus of B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Major-Minor 2023-24 Batch

Sociology -Major, History-Minor-I, Economics-II

First Semester		Second Semester	
1.1	Law of Contract (General Principles)	2.1	Special Contract
1.2	Legal Methods	2.2	Law of Torts including MV Accidents and Consumer Protection Law
1.3	Sociology (Major-Paper1) (Introduction to Sociology)	2.3	Sociology (Major-Paper 2) (Indian Society and Development)
1.4	History (Minor-I-Paper 1) (Ancient and Medieval Indian History)	2.4	History (Minor-I-Paper 2) (Modern India and National Movement)
1.5	Kanoonu Kannada/ Kannada Kali	2.5	Economics (Minor-II-Paper 1) (Principles of Economics)
Third Semester		Fourth Semester	
3.1	Family Law-I (Hindu Law)	4.1	Family Law-II (Mohammedan Law and Indian Succession Act)
3.2	Law of Property	4.2	Opt-I: Human Rights Law and Practice/Insurance Law
3.3	Sociology (Major-Paper 3) (Theoretical Perspectives in Sociology)	4.3	Sociology (Major-Paper 4) (Challenges of Indian Society)
3.4	Economics (Minor-II-Paper.2) (Indian Economy)	4.4	Economics (Minor-II-Paper.3) (Development Economics)
3.5	English	4.5	History (Minor-I-Paper3) (Legal History)
Fifth Semester		Sixth Semester	
5.1	Constitutional Law-I	6.1	Constitutional Law-II
5.2	Criminal Law-I :Indian Penal Code	6.2	Administrative Law
5.3	Hons-I : IPR-I	6.3	Hons-II : Information Technology Law
5.4	Opt-II: Media and Law/Penology and Victimology	6.4	Hon- III : IPR-II
5.5	Sociology (Major-Paper 5) (Sociology of Marginalized Community)	6.5	Sociology (Major-Paper 6) (Sociology of Deviance)
Seventh Semester		Eighth Semester	
7.1	Environmental Law	8.1	Public International Law
7.2	Labour and Industrial Law-I	8.2	Labour and Industrial Law-II
7.3	Criminal Law-II : Criminal Procedure Code	8.3	Hons-IV : Land Laws
7.4	Jurisprudence	8.4	Hons-V : International Organizations
7.5	Company Law	8.5	Opt-III: Banking Law/Right to Information
7.6	Clinical Course-I : Professional Ethics	8.6	Clinical Course II : Alternative Dispute Resolution System
Ninth Semester		Tenth Semester	
9.1	CPC and Limitation Act	10.1	Law of Evidence
9.2	Taxation	10.2	Hons-VIII : Private International Law
9.3	Hon-VI: Women and Law	10.3	Opt-V: Comparative Constitutions/White Collar Crimes
9.4	Hons-VII: Interpretation of Statutes and Principles of Legislation	10.4	Opt-VI: Offences against Child and Juvenile Offences/General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade
9.5	Opt-IV: Competition Law/Health Law	10.5	Clinical Course-IV: Moot Court Exercises and Internship
9.6	Clinical Course-III: Drafting Pleading and Conveyance		

Syllabus for B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Major-Minor 2023-24 Batch
Sociology Major, History-Minor-I, Economics-Minor-II
COURSE 1.3- Sociology-I (Major-Paper-1)
Introduction to Sociology

Objectives:

This course provides an outline exposure to the students about the fundamental concepts of sociology. The course also aims at helping the students to understand the social institutions and regulative mechanism of society. It makes them to acquire sufficient knowledge about social change and development.

UNIT I. Introduction

- a) Definition of Sociology
- b) Transition from Social Philosophy to Sociology
- c) Emergence of Sociology: Socio – political and intellectual forces
- d) Subject matter and scope
- e) Perspectives in Sociology; Functionalist, Conflict, Interactionist and Feminist perspectives
- f) Reciprocity between Sociology and other disciplines: History, Political science, Economics, Criminology and Law
- g) Relevance of Sociology

UNIT-II. Basic Sociological Concepts

- a. Society b. Community c. Social Structure d. Social System
- e. Role and Status f. Social Values g. Culture h. Socialization
- i. Social groups(Meaning, Characteristics/Elements and Types)

UNIT -III. Social Institutions

- a. Family and Marriage b. Religion c. Education
- d. State and Law e. Property
- (Features/Elements, Types and Importance)

UNIT-IV.Regulative Mechanism of Society

- a. Social Norms, Social Conformity and Social Deviance
- b. Informal Agencies of Social Control: Folkways, Mores, Customs, Religion, Public opinion
- c. Formal Agencies: Law, Education, Police and Military

UNIT-V. Social Change and Development

- a. Meaning and definitions
- b. Kindred concepts: Evolution, Growth, Progress, Development
- c. Theories of Social Change: Cyclical and Uni-linear
- d. Developmental Perspectives: Human Development, Social Development, Sustainable Development
- e. Theories of Development: Theories of Development and Under -Development

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8. Davis Kingsley (1982): *Human Society*, Surjeet, Surjeet Publications, New Delhi.
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COURSE 2.3- Sociology-I (Major-Paper-2)
Indian Society and Development

UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION

a) Nature and Importance of Studying Indian Society

Nature of Indian Society

1. Geographical Factors
2. Unity in Diversity
3. Religious Factor
4. Language
5. Race and Ethnicity
6. Caste System
7. Tribes
8. Cultural Factors
9. Political Factors

Importance of Studying Indian Society

1. Long and Continued History
2. Cultural Pluralism
3. Second Most Populated Country
4. Religion and philosophical Importance

b) Evolution of Indian Society -Socio-Cultural Dimension refer K.L.Sharma

c) Geographical and Historical Features

1. The Himalayan Ranges
2. The Indo Gangetic Plain
3. The Peninsular Plateau
4. The Coastal Plains
5. The Thar Desert
6. The Islands

Historical Features Evolution of Indian Society-from Vedic Time and Modernity

d) Unity in Diversity-Threats and Challenges

1. Geographical Unity and Diversity
2. Religions Unity and Diversity
3. Cultural Unity and Diversity
4. Linguistic Unity and Diversity Recial
5. Rural Unity and Diversity
6. Political Unity and Diversity

Threats and Challenges

1. Regionalism
2. Castesim
3. Communalism
4. Extremism and Terrorism
5. Linguism

UNIT -II: THEORETICAL PERSPECTIVE

- a. Structural-functionalism (MN Srinivas, SC Dube, Mckim Marriott)
- b. Indological or Textual Perspectives (Radha Kamal Mukherjee, G.S. Ghurye, Louis Dumant)
- c. Marxist Perspective: D.P Mukherjee, A.R Desai, Ramkrishna Mukherjee
- d. Subaltern Perspective: B.R Ambekar, RanjitGuha, David Hardiman

UNIT-III: MARRIAGE, FAMILY AND KINSHIP

- a) Marriage and Family among Hinduism Hindu Marriage

Objectives -

Traditional forms Rites and Rituals

Family

Joint Family

Definition, Characteristics

Advantages, disadvantages

Causes for the dis integration

- b) Muslim Marriage types. Nikha, talaq, mehr

Christian marriage Aims, values, rites and rituals

- c) Basic concepts of kinship Type, terms degree, usages, function

- d) Kinship organization in India -Regional vaniation Kinship-by IravathiKharve

- e) Changes and Challenges to the Marriage and Family-

Changes in Marriage
Refer-C. N. Shankar Rao
Changes in Family
Refer-C. N. Shankar Rao

UNIT IV: CASTE AND CLASS IN INDIA

Caste and Class in India

a) Evolution of Caste

Give a brief introduction of origin and development of caste during different periods

b) Caste among Muslims and Christians

Refer- Indian Society- A. P. Thakur

c) Are Caste opposite of Classes.

Differences between caste and classes.

d) Changes in Caste and Class relation.

e) Theories of Origin of caste

Traditional theory

Occupational theory

Racial Theory

Political Theory

Other theories

UNIT V-CONTEMPORARY DISCOURSES

a) Contextualization

b) Indiagenialism

c) Use of native categories in the analysis of Indian Society

d) Sociology for India

e) Sociology of India

Sanskritization

Westernization

References:

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4. Dube, S.C. 1995: *Indian Village* (London: Routledge)
5. Dube, S.C. 1958: *India's Changing Villages* (London: Routledge and Kegan Paul)
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COURSE-3.3 Sociology (Major-Paper 3)
Theoretical Perspectives in Sociology

Objectives:

The aim of this course is to introduce the contributions of pioneers, prominent thinkers to the students of Sociology. The main focus of this course will be on Structural-Functionalism, Conflict theory and feminist theories. The course will also examine the recent theoretical relevance and analytical utility of Post Modern Social theories.

UNIT-I. Introduction

- a. Nature of Sociological Theories: Sociological Theories and Social Theories
- b. Concepts, Theories and Paradigms
- c. Sociological Theorization in Sociology
- d. Levels of Theorization in Sociology (Middle Range Theories and Grand Theories)
- e. Elements of Theory (Concepts, Variables, Statements and Formats)
- f. Relationship between Theory and Research

UNIT-II. Structural-Functionalism

- a. Concept of Social Structure: A.R Radcliffe Brawn
- b. The Problem of Role Analysis: S.F Nadel
- c. Analytical Functionalism of Talcot Parsons (Structure of Social Action, The Social System, AGIL, Functional Pre-requisites
- d. Empirical Functionalism of R. K Merton (Postulates, Paradigms of Functiona Analysis, SocialStructure and Anomie
- e. Neo-Functionalism

UNIT-III. Conflict Theory

- a. Emergence of Conflict Theories
- b. Marxian Theory of Class Conflict, Alienation and Critic of Marxian Theory
- C. Dialectical Conflict Theory of Ralf Dahrendorf
- d. Conflict Functionalism of Coser and Simmel

UNIT-IV. Feminist Theories

- a. Historical Roots: Feminism and Sociology
- b. Marxist Feminism
- c. Liberal Feminism
- d. Post modern Feminism
- e. Eco-feminism
- f. Black feminism

UNIT-V. Post modern Social Theories

- a. Classical Theories on Modernity (Durkheim, Weber, Marx and Simmel)
- b. The Juggernaut of Modernity -Anthony Giddens
- c. Risk Society of Ulrich Beck
- d. McDonaldization, Globalization and Americanization of George Ritzer
- e. Contribution of J Derrida and Foucault
- e. Critics of Modern Social Theories

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COURSE-4.3 Sociology (Major-Paper 4)
Challenges of Indian Society

Objectives

The course is designed to provide the conceptual platform to understand serious and glaring Challenges of Indian Society. It also enables the students to equip themselves in understanding, the etiology, magnitude, causes and consequences of contemporary social problems viz. Population Explosion, Problems of Indian Women, Terrorism and Corruption. Besides this, it equips them in evaluating the prevalent institutional arrangements to mitigate the problem and face challenges.

UNIT-I. Introduction

- a. Meaning and Nature of Social Problems and Disorganization
- b. Causes and Consequence of Social Problems
- c. Some basic concepts: Social conformity, Social deviance, Social Organization
Anomie
- d. Changing dimensions of Social Problems

UNIT-II- Population Explosion

- a. Population growth in the world and in India
- b. Composition of Indian population
- c. Causes and consequences of population explosion
- d. Measures to combat and New Population Policy of 2000

UNIT-III- Problems and Issues Related to Women

- a. Historical background: Patriarchy and gender inequality
- b. Dowry, Domestic violence, Declining sex ratio, Cyber crime
- c. Health issues and Feminization of HIV AIDS
- d. Measures: Constitutional and Legislative
- e. Women and Development: Gender budgeting and Auditing

UNIT-IV- Terrorism

- a. Historical background

- b. Meaning, Magnitude and Nature
- c. Causes and consequences
- d. Measures and Models evolved to combat the Terrorism

UNIT-V- Corruption

- a. Meaning and Nature b. Causes and Effects c. Corruption in public life
- d. Institutional Mechanism: CVC, CBI and Others e. Corruption and Legislation

References:

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Sociology -Major, History-Minor-I, Economics-II
COURSE-5.5 Sociology (Major-Paper 5)
Sociology of Marginalized Community

Objectives

The course aimed at understanding dimensions and process of marginalization perspectives. It also sensitizes students about the study of various marginalized groups viz., SC's, ST's, Minorities, Women etc. It draws the attention of students towards the social movements' affirmative action's.

UNIT-I. Introduction

- a. Meaning and Process of Marginalization
- b. Relevance of its Study
- c. Dimensions of Marginalization: Historical, Cultural, Social and Political
- d. Methods of marginalization: Discrimination, Exploitation, Prejudices and Inequality

UNIT-II. Perspectives of Marginalization

- a. Views of Phule, Periyar, Ambedkar, Lohiya and Narayan Guru
- b. Role of Ideology in Marginalization
- e. Exclusion and Inclusion

UNIT-III. Marginalised Groups in India

- a. SC's and ST's
- b. Minorities
- C. Sexual Minorities and Third gender
- d. Women, Aged and Differently abled.

UNIT-IV. Marginalization and Social Movements

- a. Protest Movements
- b. Reform Movements
- c. Women Movement and Backward Class Movement

UNIT-V. Marginalization and Affirmative Action

- a. Constitutional provisions
- b. Legislations
- C. Welfare Measures
- d. Role of State and NGOs

References:

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COURSE-6.5 Sociology (Major-Paper 6)
Sociology of Deviance

Objectives:

The course is designed to provide Sociological insights regarding the concepts used in the study and analysis of deviance. It gives a theoretical explanation to etiology of deviance in the light of many theories and perspectives. It explores the interface between deviance, social problems and crimes. Further it seeks to familiarizes students regarding penological and correctional measures while dealing with deviance

UNIT-I. Introduction

- a. Meaning and Nature of Deviance
- b. Meaning of Social Conformity and Factors of Conformity
- c. Factors of Deviance
- d. Deviance and Social Norms
- e. Deviance and Social Disorganization
- f. Deviance and Culture

UNIT-II.Theories of Deviance

- a. Functionalist theories: Emile Durkheim – Anomie
R.K. Merton-Social Structure Anomie ,
Albert K. Cohen -Delinquent Sub-Culture.
- b. Interactionist perspective -Howard S. Becker -Labeling theory
- c. Marxist Perspective (Marx)
- d. Neo-Marxist Perspective (Ian Taylor, Paul Walton, Jack Young)

UNIT-III, Deviance and Social Problems

- a. Alcoholism, Drug and Substance addition, Suicide, Domestic Violence, Pornography (Causes and Effects)
- b. Social issues and Deviance: Capital Punishment, Child Labour, Euthanasia.

UNIT-IV. Deviance and Crimes: Recent Trends

- a. Growing Cyber Crimes.
- b. Elites and Deviance
- c. Corporate Crimes
- d. Crimes against Women and Marginalized groups
- e. Human Trafficking
- f. Social Issues and Deviance: Capital Punishment, Euthanasia.

UNIT-V Penological and Correctional Measures

- a. Theories of Punishments -Retributive, Deterrent and Reformative
- b. The Role of Law and Institutional Arrangements (Police, Prisons)
- c. Role of Civil Society in the Rehabilitation of Deviants and Criminals.
- d. Role of UNO and other International Agencies.

Reference:

1. Clinard, Marshall. B. (1968), *Sociology of Deviant Behaviour*, New York, Holt, Rinchart and Winston.
2. Lemert, E.M., *Sociology Pathology*
3. Rubington and Weinberg (1977), *The Study of Social Problems: Five Perspectives*, Oxford University Press, Oxford
4. Parsons, Talcott (1972), *The Social System* (Ch. 7) New Delhi, Am rind.
5. Merton, Robert K. (1974), *Social Theory and Social Structure*, New Delhi, Prentice Hall
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Sociology -Major, History-Minor-I, Economics-II
COURSE 1.4- History-I (Minor-I-Paper 1)
Ancient and Medieval Indian History

UNIT-I

Early India-Concept of History – Its Meaning, Definitions – Nature, Scope and Importance of History.

History and Its Relationship with Law.

Sources of Indian History- Archaeological and Literary.

Prehistoric Period

Harappan Culture-Important sites – Harappa, Mohenjodaro, Lothal, Kalibangan, Dholaveera – Town Planning, Religion, Economy, Society, Script, Art – causes for decline.

UNIT-II

Ancient Indian Religion, Polity, State and Administration-Vedic Culture – Vedic Literature – Early Vedic period - Polity, Society.

Later Vedic period: - Polity, Society.

Republican States in India

Rise of New Religious Movements – Causes for Rise of Religious Movements -Charvakas, Lokayathas, Jainism and Buddhism;

Theory of Kingship in Ancient India.

State formation – Arthashastra

The imperial Mauryas-with special reference to Ashoka's Welfare State and the Mauryan administration.

UNIT-III

Law and Justice in Ancient India-

Concept of Justice and Judicial Administration: - Concept of Dharma and Sources of Dharma-Veda, Tradition and Good customs.

Dharma Sutras and Dharma Shastra - Manu Smriti, YajnavalkyaSmriti, NaradaSmriti, KatyayanaSmriti.AndArthashastra.

Judicial System- Types of court: Pratishita, Apratishta, Mudrita, Sasita, Guilds, Panchayats, Kantakasodhana, Dharmasthiyaa

Procedures: Appointment of judges, Trial, Witness, Pleaders, Secret agents. And Punishment. Role of Judges and Investigation.

UNIT-4

Medieval Indian Polity, State and Socio-Religious Movement- Islamic Kingship Theory.

Administrative System- Delhi Sultanate and Mughals.

The Vijayanagar Administration.

Socio-Religious Movement in Medieval India- Bakti and Sufi Movement.

UNIT-V

Law and Justice in Ancient India-

Concept of Justice and Judicial Administration: - Sources of Islamic Law: Sharia and Hadis.

Salient features of Islamic Criminal Law

Judicial Process organization: King, Chief Qazi, Judicial Officers, Investigative and Punishments

Bhakti and Sufi Movements: Prominent Bhakti and Sufi Saints their Preaching's - Impact on Society and Culture - Emergence of Composite Culture.

Prescribed Books:

1. V.D. Mahajan., Ancient India
2. Jayant Ram., Ancient Indian History
3. L. P. Sharma., History Of Ancient India
4. Upinder Singh., Ancient India: From the Stone Age to the 12th Century
5. R.S. Sharma., India's Ancient Past
6. R. C. Majumdar., Ancient India
7. Sir Jadunath Sarkar., India Through The Ages
8. R.C. Majumdar., AN ADVANCED HISTORY OF INDIA
9. Sastri K.A. Nilakanta; R. Champakalakshmi., A HISTORY OF SOUTH INDIA (OIP): From Prehistoric Times To the Fall of Vijayanagar
10. Satish Chandra., History Of Medieval India
11. Satish Chandra ., Medieval India : From Sultanat To The Mughals Delhi Sultanat(1206-1526): Part One

12. J. L. Mehta., Advanced Study In The History Of Medieval India: Vol Iii Medieval Indian Society And Culture
13. J. L. Mehta., Advanced Study in the History of Medieval India Volume I (1000-1526)
14. J. L. Mehta., Advanced Study in the History of Medieval India : Volume II Mughal Empire (1526-1707)

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COURSE-2.4 History (Minor-1-Paper 2)
Modern India and National Movement

UNIT- I: Modern India

Advent of European Powers - Expansion and Consolidation of British Power – Wellesley's Subsidiary Alliance – Dalhousie's Doctrine of Lapse.

Land Revenue Settlements – Cornwallis and Permanent Revenue Settlement; Thomas Munroe and Ryotwari; Mahalwari System – Changes in the Agrarian Economy and Condition of Peasantry – Famines.

The Revolt of 1857;

Queen's Proclamation Act 1858; Beginning of Colonial Rule.

UNIT- II: Cultural Changes and Social and Religious Reform Movements

Introduction of Western Education

Socio-Religious Reform Movements – BrahmoSamaj, AryaSamaj, Theosophical Society, Ramakrishna Mission, Aligarh Movement; Anti-Caste Movements, JyotibhaPhule, Narayana Guru, PeriyarRamaswamyNaicker and Dr. B.R. Ambedkar.

UNIT- III: Indian National Movement

Factors for the Rise of Nationalism – Political ideology and organizations; Formation of Indian National Congress – Three Phases of Freedom Struggle Moderate Phase, Extremist Phase, Swadeshi Movement, Rowlett Satyagraha and JallianwalaBagh and Gandhian Era - Non-Cooperation, Civil Disobedience and Quit India Movement.

UNIT- IV: Revolutionary, Working class and Peasant Movement

Indian National Army and Subhash Chandra Bose.

Revolutionary Movement: Gadhar Party – Bhagath Singh – Chandra Sekhar Azad and others; Left-Wing Movement – Rise of Socialist and Communist Parties - Peasant and Workers Movements.

Emergence of Communal Politics and Mohd. Ali Jinnah.

UNIT- V: Independence and Partition

Negotiations for independence, and partition

Popular movements

Partition riots

Emergence of a New State

Making of the Constitution

Integration of Princely States

Reference:

1. C. A. Bayly, Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire, New Cambridge History of India.
2. Bipan Chandra, Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India.
3. J.S. Grewal, The Sikhs of the Punjab, New Cambridge History of India.
4. Dharma Kumar and Tapan Raychaudhuri, eds., The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. II.
5. R.C. Majumdar, ed., History and Culture of Indian People, Vols. IX and X. British Paramountcy and Indian Renaissance.
6. Judith Brown, Gandhi's rise to Power, 1915-22.
7. Paul Brass, The Politics of India Since Independence, OUP, 1990.
8. Bipan Chandra, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India, 1979.
9. Bipan Chandra, Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India.
10. Ranajit Guha, ed., A Subaltern Studies Reader.
11. Peter Hardy, Muslims of British India.
12. Mushirul Hasan, ed., India's Partition, Oxford in India Readings.
13. D.A. Low, ed., Congress and the Raj.
14. John R. McLane, Indian Nationalism and the Early Congress.
15. Gyanendra Pandey, The Construction of Communalism in colonial north India.
16. Sumit Sarkar, Modern India, 1885-1947.
17. Anil Seal, Emergence of Indian Nationalism.
18. Eleanor Zelliot, From Untouchable to Dalit: Essays on the Ambedkar Movement.

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COURSE-4.5 History (Minor-I-Paper.3)
Legal History

UNIT- I Early Developments (1600- 1780)

Charters of the East India Company: 1600, 1661, 1726 and 1753

Settlements: Surat, Madras, Bombay and Calcutta

Establishment of Mayor's Court of 1726

Warren Hastings: Judicial Plans of 1772, 1774 and 1780

UNIT- II Development of Judicial System:

Regulating Act, 1773

Establishment of Supreme Court of 1774 and Its Failure.

The Act of Settlement 1781, defects

Landmark Cases: Raja Nanad Kumar, Kamaluddin, Patna Case, and Cossijurah

Pitts India Act, 1784;

Lord Cornwallis: Judicial Plans of 1787, 1790 and 1793

Lord William Bentinck (With special focus on Appraisal of Criminal law)

UNIT-III Evolution of Law and Legal Institutions:

Development of Personal Laws

Development of Civil law in Mufassil: Special Emphasis on Justice, Equity and Good Conscience.

Codification of Laws: Charter of 1833, the First Law Commission, the Charter of 1853, the Second Law Commission.

Establishment of High Courts, 1861

Privy Council and Federal Court: Appeals and working of Privy Council, Appraisal of Privy Council, Features of Federal Court.

UNIT –IV Constitutional History

Government of Indian Act, 1858.

The Indian Councils Act, 1861.

The Indian Councils Act, 1892.

Government of India Act (Morley- Minto Reforms), 1909.

The Government of India Act 1919.

The Government of India Act, 1935.

Crips and Cabinet Missions.

UNIT-V Legal Profession and Education

Early Developments though Mayor's Court, Supreme Court, Company's Adalat, High Court.

Legal Practitioners Act of 1879.

The Chamier and Indian Bar Committee of 1951.

The Advocates Act of 1961: Provisions and Disciplinary powers.

Law Reporting: Theory of Precedents, Features of Law reporting from 1773 to 1950.

Legal Education: History and Basic Aims of Legal Education.

Prescribed Books:

- 1 V.D. Kulshretha – Landmarks of Indian Legal and Constitutional History.
- 2 M.P. Singh – Outlines of Indian Legal History.
- 3 H.V. Sreenivasamurthy., History for Law students, Vol. II.

Reference books:

- 1 M.P. Jain., Outline of Indian Legal History.
- 2 Abdul Hamid., Constitutional and Legal History of India.
- 3 A.B. Keith, Constitutional and Legal History of India.
- 4 Rama Jois., Legal and Constitutional History of India, Vol. II.
- 5 Abdul Hamid – Constitutional History of India
- 6 RadhikaSingha ., A Despotion of Law, Crime and Justice in early Colonial India.
- 7 J. Duncan M. Derrett, Religion, Law and the state in India.
- 8 Marc Galanter, Law and the Society in Modern India.
- 9 UpendraBaxi, Towards a Sociology of Law.
- 10 Indra Deva ed. Sociology of Law.
- 11 Flavia Agnes, Law and Gender inequality.
- 12 Bipan Chandra, Nationalism and Colonialism.
13. Granville Austin, The Indian Constitution, Cornerstone of a Nation.

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COURSE-2.5 Economics (Minor-II-Paper 1)
Principles of Economics

UNIT-I: Introduction

- 1.1 Definitions Of Economics
- 1.2 Nature, subject matter and scope of economics
- 1.3 Relation between economics and law
- 1.4 Central problems of an Economy
- 1.5 Production possibility curve and opportunity cost

UNIT-II: Consumer behavior and demand

- 2.1 Consumer's equilibrium – meaning
- 2.2 Attainment of consumer equilibrium through utility approach: Law of Diminishing Marginal utility
- 2.3 Indifference curve analysis- Properties of Indifference curve
- 2.4 Demand
 - (a) Meaning of demand
 - (b) Law of demand
 - (c) Why does demand curve slope downwards
 - (d) Determinants of demand
 - (e) Shifts in demand curve(Increase and decrease of demand ,extension and contraction of demand)
 - (f) Elasticity of demand: Price elasticity of demand, Income elasticity of demand, cross elasticity of demand
- 2.5 Supply
 - (a) Meaning of supply
 - (b) Law of supply
 - (c) Determinants of supply

UNIT-III: Laws of Returns and Production function

- 3.1 Law of increasing returns
- 3.2 Law of diminishing returns
- 3.3 Law of constant returns
- 3.4 Law of variable proportions
- 3.5 Production function: meaning
- 3.6 Cost and revenue concepts

UNIT-IV: Market structure and price determination under different markets

- 4.1 Forms of market
- 4.2 Perfect Competition
- 4.3 Imperfect competition
 - (a) Monopoly
 - (b) Monopolistic
 - (c) Oligopoly
 - (d) Duopoly

UNIT-V: Introduction to Macro economics

- 5.1 Meaning and Importance of Macro economics
- 5.2 National Income – Meaning, Concepts of national income
- 5.3 Measurement of National income, Difficulties in calculation of National Income
 - (a) Propensity to consume, propensity to save
 - (b) Investment function or inducement to invest
 - (c) Equilibrium level of income and output

Prescribed Books

- 1. D N Dwivedi – Macro Economics
- 2. Misra and Puri – Economic Environment of Business
- 3. D M Mithani – Macro Economics

Reference Books

- 1. A. Koutsoyiannis – Modern Micro-Economics
- 2. Bilas – Micro Economic Theory
- 3. J. Hirschleifer – Price Theory and Applications

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COURSE-3.4 Economics (Minor-II-Paper-2)
Indian Economy

UNIT- I Economic Development and Growth

- 1.1.1 Meaning of Economic Development and Growth
- 1.1.2 Indicators of Economic Development
- 1.1.3 Indicators of Economic Growth
- 1.1.4 Obstacles to Economic Development
 - (a) Vicious circle of poverty
 - (b) Population explosion
 - (c) Scarcity of capital
 - (d) Inappropriate technology
 - (e) Socio-cultural obstacles
 - (f) Political and Administrative obstacles
- 1.2 Characteristics of Indian economy

UNIT- II Trade Union Movement in India

- 2.1 Introduction and meaning
- 2.2 Growth of the movement
- 2.3 Legal protection
- 2.4 Overcoming weakness
- 2.5 Beneficent role (Functions of the union)
- 2.6 Weakness of the trade union
- 2.7 Suggestions for improvement

UNIT- III Planning in India

- 3.1 Introduction
- 3.2 Rationale for Planning
- 3.3 Important features of planning
- 3.4 objectives of economic planning
- 3.5 Strategy of India's development plans
- 3.6 Achievement and failure under five year plans

UNIT-IV Problems and Prospects of Indian Agriculture

4.1 Role of Agriculture in Indian Economy

4.2 Causes of Low Productivity and measures to improve

4.3 Green Revolution

4.4 Agricultural marketing and financing

(a) Sources of agricultural finance

(b) Government measures to improve the system of agricultural marketing

(c) Cooperative marketing

UNIT-V Problems and Prospects of Indian Industry

5.1 Small scale industries

(a) Importance of small scale and Large scale Industries

(b) Problems of small scale industries and Government measures

5.2 Public sector in the Indian economy

(a) Role of public sector in the Indian Economy

(b) Problems of Public sector Enterprises

Prescribed books

1. Datt R. & K.P.M Sundaram, Indian Economy, S Chand &Co.Ltd. New Delhi.
2. Misra S K & V.K Pure - Indian Economy – Himalaya Publication house Mumbai.
3. Agrawal A N, Indian Economy Problem of Development and Planning.
4. Johnson P.A Development Issues of Indian Economy, MananPrakashan.

Reference Books

1. Kapila Uma (Ed) Indian Economy Since Independence. Academic Foundation (2003)
2. DewettKewal : Indian Economy C.Chand&Co.Ltd. New Delhi 2005
3. B.N.P singh. : Indian Economy Today Changing Contours . Deep and Deep Publication 2005
4. Mamoria C. B Agricultural Problems of India KitabMahal Publication 2005.

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COURSE-4.4 Economics (Minor-II-Paper-3)

Development Economics

UNIT- I Theories of Economic Development

- 1.1 Classical Theories – Adam Smith, Ricardo and Malthus
- 1.2 Karl Marx's Theory of Economic Development
- 1.3 Shumpeterian Theory of Economic Development

UNIT- II Money and Banking

- 2.1 Money- Evolution of money ,Functions of money
- 2.2 Functions of Commercial Bank, Creation of credit
- 2.3 Functions of Central Bank , Control of credit

UNIT -III WTO

- 3.1 WTO and its Effects on Indian Industry and Agriculture
- 3.2 WTO History
- 3.3 WTO Evolution and Functions
- 3.4 WTO implications for India
- 3.5 Role of IMF and World Bank in fostering the development of Less Developed Economies

UNIT -IV Budget

- 4.1 Meaning and objectives of budget
- 4.2 Budget classification
- 4.3 Classification of receipt - revenue and capital
- 4.4 Classification of expenditure revenue and capital
- 4.5 Plan – Non plan, developmental and non- developmental expenditure
- 4.6 Deficit financing
 - a) Meaning and objectives
 - b) Effects of deficit financing

UNIT V –Business cycles

5.1 Meaning of Business cycle

5.2 Phases of business cycle

5.3 Types of business cycle

5.4 Theories of business cycle

(a) Non - Monetary theories

i) Climatic theory

ii) Psychological theory

iii) The Under consumption theory

(b) Monetary theories

i) The pure monetary theory of Hawtrey

ii) Monetary over -investment theory of F.A.Von Hayek

iii) Keynesian theory of income and employment

5.5 Control of Business cycles

Prescribed Books:

1. Adelman, I.(1961), Theories of Economic Growth and Development , Stanford University Press, Stanford.
2. Behrman, S. and Srinivasan T.N. (1995), Handbook of Development Economics, Vol. 1 to 3, Elsevire, Amsterdam.
3. Ghatak, S. (1986) , An Introduction to Development Economics, Allen an Unwin. London.
4. Hayami, Y. (1997), Development Economics, Oxford University Press, New York.

Reference Books

1. Higgins, B (1959), Economic Development , Norton, New York.
2. Kindleberger , C.P (1977), Economic Development , 3e, McGraw Hill, New York.Meier, G.M. (1995