8.5 Course – V, Hons-VI: International Organisations

Objectives:

The proliferation of international organizations (IOs), the growth in treaty arrangement and deepening of regional integration efforts among states gives a glimpse to the extent to which international politics has become more institutionalized in recent times. United Nations (UN), the second multipurpose International Organization established in the 20th Century which aims at maintaining peace and security and also developing friendly relations among countries based on respect for the principle of equal rights and self determination of people, achieving worldwide cooperation to solve international economic, social, cultural and humanitarian problems and thereby promoting human rights is the successor of League of Nations which was created by the Treaty of Versailles in 1919 and disbanded in 1946. The development of International Organizations along with their Specialized Agencies has led tothe development of friendly relations between different actors –both public and private. This course is designed primarily to acquaint the students with the growth of International institutions in the field of International Law and recent developments and directions in future research.

Course Outcomes:

Students graduating with 'Interpretation of Statute & Principles of Legislation' will be able to:

- 1. know what are the techniques adopted by courts in construing statutes? and theimportance of the law making process in the present context
- 2. what are the matters to be reckoned with by legislature while enacting laws?
- 3. understand and analyze the judicial interpretation, construction of words, phrases and expressions.

Contents:

UNIT -1

Introduction to International Organizations-Meaning - Characteristics - Aims and Purposes-Classification - Evolution of International Organizations.

UNIT-2

League of Nations-Origin – Organs – Functions – Defects

UNIT-3

United Nations- Origin - Preamble of UN Charter - Purpose of United Nations; General Assembly-Its composition, powers and function; Security Council - Its composition, powers and functions, Relation with the General Assembly; Economic and Social Council - Its composition, powers and function; Trusteeship Council- composition; Secretariat - composition, functions of

Secretary General.

UNIT-4

International Court of Justice- Composition, Jurisdiction, Interim relief, Enforcement of judgment of ICJ, Contribution of ICJ for the development of International Law

UNIT-5

Specialized Agencies-ILO, WHO, UNESCO, FAO, World Bank, IMF

Prescribed Books:

Bowett-International Institutions
B.S Murthy-International Relations and Organisation
S.K Kapoor-International Law and Human Rights

Reference Books:

Malcom Shaw-International Law