

CRIMINAL LAW

PAPER I: CRIME, CRIMINOLOGY AND CRIME PREVENTION

Unit -1: Fundamentals and Schools of Criminology

Definition and Nature of Crime; Theories relating to crime; Criminology- Nature, Origin, Scope; Criminology as a Social Science & Interrelations with other Sciences; Relevance of criminology to contemporary society; Pre-Classical school; Classical school; Neo-Classical school; Positive school; Biological school; Sociological Schools; Clinical Schools

Unit -2: Crime, Criminal Typology

Classification of Offences; Classification of Offenders: Adult and Juvenile offenders, Habitual offenders, Professional Offenders, Violent offenders, Victimless Criminals

Unit - 3: Crime Prevention & Investigation and Emerging Scientific Techniques

Police and Law enforcement; Functions of Police under Criminal laws including Indian Police Act, 1861; Role of Police Crime prevention strategies; Role of Police and Witness Protection; Police reforms; Modernization and Professionalism in Police system; Recording of Statements by Police; Evidentiary value of statements/articles seized/collected by the Police; Collection of evidence and use of Scientific Techniques: Polygraph test, Narco Analysis, Brain mapping

Unit - 4: Forensic Sciences in Criminal Cases

The basic question in investigation- Qui Bono; The scene of crime; Discovery of traces of physical evidence; Classification and reference to classified record; Systematization and classification of physical evidence and comparison with suspected material; The principles of exchange; The principles of heredity, Taxonomy etc.

Unit - 5: Police Deviance & Authorities to Control Deviance

Police atrocities; Custodial Violence; Encounter Killings; Corruption; Vigilance Commission; Public Accounts Committee Ombudsman; Ombudsman; State Police Complaints Authority; Human Rights Commission – National and State; Commissions of Enquiry; Prevention of Corruption Act, 1947; Police Deviance and Supreme Court rulings

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